

AUSTRO-GERMANS BREAK POWER OF ENTENTE ARMY ON DOBRUDJA FRONT

Important Railway Terminus Is Captured by von Mackensen's Forces, Says Report From Berlin.

RUMANIANS RETAIN TRANSYLVANIA PASSES

French Make Gains on Somme River; Petrograd Reports Slackening of Battle in Galician Territory.

The Dobrudja region of Rumania apparently is being overrun by the forces of the Teutonic allies.

Constantza, Rumania's chief seaport and fortress on the Black sea, already has fallen into the hands of Field Marshal von Mackensen's army, while the Dobrudja region of Rumania apparently is being overrun by the forces of the Teutonic allies.

Entente in Retreat.

Before the rapid advance of the German, Bulgarian and Turkish forces, the Entente forces in the Balkans are in retreat along the entire front.

Anglo-French Repulsed.

Berlin, in touching upon the fighting against the British and French forces in the Balkans, says the attacks of the entente forces were disastrously repulsed.

On the Transylvania Front, Stalemate.

On the Transylvania front, stalemate fighting is still in progress between the Teutonic allies and the Rumanians for the mountain passes, and the territory inside Rumania which has been captured by the Austro-Germans.

Offensive Is Halted.

At the bend of the Corina river in Serbia, Berlin says the Germans and Bulgarians, fighting side by side, have halted the offensive of the Serbs, who are on the defensive.

Mackensen's Progress Steadily Successful.

Von Mackensen's new campaign in Dobrudja was begun on October 19, last, when an offensive along the entire line from the Black sea to the Danube was opened.

THE WEATHER

THE WEATHER FORECAST. Denver, Oct. 23.—Tuesday rain and colder; Wednesday fair in west, unsettled and cooler east portion.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT. For twenty-four hours, ending at 8 a. m. yesterday: Maximum temperature, 73 degrees; minimum, 48; range, 25; temperature at 6 p. m., 65; south winds, partly cloudy.

Compare the Candidates

Platforms are easily made and easily disregarded. Any skillful phrase-juggler can put together a combination of words that is pleasing to the ear of the voter, and any official lacking in a strict sense of obligation can find a way to keep from performing his platform promises.

In the last analysis the candidate is his own platform. His record, his integrity, his standing as a faithful trustee are the surest guarantees that can be given as to his reliability as an official.

Thus it is that it is of the utmost importance for the voters in the present campaign to compare the records of the candidates, who are asking their support for the various offices.

To be specific: Both democrats and republicans are promising good roads to the people of the state. During the last four years and a half, under the McDonald administration, practically everything that has ever been done for good roads in New Mexico has been accomplished.

What chance is there for further road improvement if the old republican ring is returned to power?

Both parties are promising an extension and improvement of the educational system of the state. More progress has been made in education during the McDonald administration than in any twenty years previously in the history of the state.

What hope is there for the schools if the old republican ring gets control of them again?

Both parties are promising more equitable tax laws. The democrats have honestly attempted to secure tax reform and have secured some measure of it in spite of the obstructions created by a hostile majority in both houses of the legislature.

In view of the past, what is to be expected in the way of tax legislation if the republicans are placed in complete control of the state government?

An intelligent comparison of the records of the rival candidates for office in the present campaign leaves the voter no choice but to vote the democratic ticket.

Colonel's War Talk Offends East Las Vegas

Several hundred residents of Las Vegas express their disapproval of Roosevelt's Mexican policy here this evening when he stated that he and Senator Fall have held the same views on the Mexican question and openly declared for armed intervention.

Roosevelt's reception was most cordial and a great mass of people thronged the Castaneda lawn to hear him. He lauded the native New Mexicans who were members of his regiment and was warmly applauded.

When, however, he stated that he would have come to New Mexico to raise a division for an army of occupation in Mexico; that he would have taken charge of the Mexican railroads and ordered Pershing to make war on all who opposed him; that he would have followed Parral and Carrizal with sufficient force to crush out all opposition, several hundred of his audience took up cheers for Wilson and Roosevelt, visibly embarrassed, cut short his speech and left for his train fully ten minutes before its leaving time.

BRITAIN ALSO PRINTS GREY AND WHITE LISTS

Berlin, Oct. 22.—The British government not only publishes "black lists" and "grey lists," but also publishes "white lists," which contain the names of persons and houses to whom Britisners may consign merchandise, says the German Overseas News agency.

The British lists have been completed by so-called secret lists, which now have been introduced for the handling of commerce in Europe. This secret list originated originally through the difficulties arising from Great Britain because of the protest of neutral countries against the black list.

The names of persons and houses on this list are not published, but are known to be British stations for the control of shipping and export trading. These stations impede the forwarding of goods coming from the houses named.

These goods must be unloaded in British ports and can be brought by British traders if forwarded and it is not required they be sent back to England, and if importation into England is desirable, goods are not allowed to proceed to neutral countries.

By such secret lists, England saves appearances and can pretend to yield to neutral protests, while the facts in themselves are in no wise changed.

Cardinal Congratulates Wilson

Rome, Oct. 23.—Cardinal Gasparri, papal secretary of state, today instructed Monsignor Romano, apostolic delegate at Washington, to present to President Wilson the congratulations of Pope Benedict upon the president's escape from the attempt made upon him at Pittsburgh.

The foregoing indicates that exaggerated reports of the Pittsburgh incident of last Friday, when a man who attempted to board the president's automobile was arrested, apparently have reached Rome.

Matuel Amaya Leaves Mexico

Laredo, Tex., Oct. 23.—Manuel Amaya, one of the wealthiest residents of Mexico, and Nino Forjo Sembrano, treasurer-general of the de facto government of Mexico, have left the capital for a United States port, according to a passenger arriving here from Mexico City today.

The name of the port could not be learned.

ALTHOUGH THEY ACCEPT CHRIST JEWS MAY KEEP RACIAL CUSTOMS

Protestant Episcopal Convention Allows Hebrews Who Become Communicants Their National Feasts.

ABANDON PLAN OF WOMEN DELEGATES

Bishop Arthur Selden Lloyd Is Elected President of Most Important Wing of Church, the Board of Missions.

St. Louis, Oct. 22.—Jews who have accepted Jesus Christ as the Messiah and have become communicants of the Protestant Episcopal church may retain, if they desire, the Jewish national and racial customs and feasts, according to a ruling of the house of deputies of the church's general convention, in session here today.

The action was based upon a resolution which had been presented by the Rev. Floyd W. Tompkins of Philadelphia. It was asserted that there are in the United States hundreds of Jews who have accepted Christ and yet have hesitated to affiliate with Christian denominations because they do not care to abandon their racial customs.

Woman Delegate Plan Abandoned

Efforts to have women permitted to sit as delegates in the house of deputies of the general convention were abandoned today when, on the heels of a rejection at the hands of the house of bishops, a lower house committee reported the proposal adversely.

The house of deputies refused to adopt the recommendation of a special committee proposing the present system of equal diocesan representation in the house of deputies to be changed to one of proportionate representation.

Several hours of debate preceded the vote which, in the electoral ballot, was 56 to 12, with five dioceses divided, and in the lay order 48 to 1-2, with four dioceses divided. Fears were expressed by representatives of some of the smaller dioceses that the proposed amendments would throw the balance of power to the larger and wealthier church bodies.

To Elect Suffragan Bishop

The house of bishops, as a result of an action taken in the house of deputies today, will elect a suffragan bishop for the missionary department of South Dakota, in addition to a bishop to succeed the late Bishop George Biller, Jr.

The lower house refused to concur with the house of bishops in its action giving a seat and a vote in the upper house to suffragan bishops. Concurrent action is necessary. At present, suffragans have a seat but no vote.

One Day's Rest Everybody's Right

Both houses in the convention went on record today as believing that one day's rest in seven is the inalienable right of every man and woman.

Employers of the United States should give a larger consideration to the problem of the "unemployed," the Rev. Ernest M. Stires of New York said in an address in the social service forum of the convention.

Mr. Stires distinguished between the unemployed and the overemployed, those who would work but are incapacitated by physical or mental infirmities.

He urged that Christians throughout the country follow the lead of the Morgan memorial in Boston, and the good will industries of Brooklyn, in saying the self-respect of the unemployed, by giving them daily three or four hours work such as they can do, despite blindness, deafness, crippled condition, or other infirmities.

"There are in New York today 100,000 unemployed men—and an undotted for the battle of life," he said. "It is essential that we of the Christian church attempt to solve their problem and save them from beggary and attendant evils."

Lloyd Elected President of Board

Over some opposition, the re-election of Bishop Arthur Selden Lloyd as president of the Board of Missions, the most important board of the church, was confirmed in the House of Deputies today. He previously had been re-elected by the House of Bishops.

Re-election of George Gordon King of Newport, R. I., as treasurer of the Board of Missions, and the election of the members by the House of Bishops, also was confirmed in the lower house.

A step looking toward the eventual change of the name of the church, to make it more nearly in accord with its apostolic origin, was proposed in a resolution offered in the House of Deputies by the Rev. Martin Alinger, of Franklin, Pa. This resolution, which was referred to the committee on prayer book, would substitute the words "of the holy Catholic church" on the title page of the prayer book, for the words "of the church," however, leaders in the convention asserted that since the

WORSE CALAMITY TO NATION THAN WAS CIVIL WAR

President of Ill. Federation of Labor States How Executive Board Considers Possibility of Hughes' Election.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 23.—The position of the executive board of Illinois Federation of Labor, an official statement today in a telegram sent by President John W. Walker of the federation, to E. J. Stack, secretary of the Oregon federation, in which Walker states the executive board takes "the position that the election of Hughes, would mean a greater calamity to common humanity in our country than was the civil war."

Walker had received a telegram from Stack stating that certain newspapers of Portland, Ore., published anti-Wilson resolutions purporting to have been passed by the recent Illinois federation convention in Quincy, and asking what position the Illinois labor movement takes in the present campaign.

Walker replied that the convention had taken no action but that "the seven members of the executive board, Illinois State Federation of Labor, take public position in opposition to the election of Hughes."

BAKER IS UNFIT AS OFFICER OF CABINET, SAYS COL. ROOSEVELT

Raps War Secretary for Alleged Comparison of Washington's Army With Those of Mexicans.

COMPARES WILSON TO SELF UNFLATTERINGLY

Rough Rider Chief Says President Carries Dishrag Instead of Big Stick; Heard by Many Hundreds.

Colonel Roosevelt in a statement to the Journal expressed confidence in Mr. Hughes' desire to take part in a secret conference with representatives of the American Independence league.

"I am absolutely sure that Mr. Hughes is telling the exact truth when he says, 'I have said nothing in private that I have not said in public.' Any man who knows Mr. Hughes realizes that it is impossible for him to enter into private arguments or to engage in intrigue of any sort."

HYPHEN'S TERMS CARRIED OUT BY HUGHES; CHARGES ARE AMPLIFIED

Democratic National Committee Gives Publicity to Further Records of Meetings of Kaiser's Henchmen.

WORKING AGREEMENT BELIEVED TO EXIST

Secret Conference Is Held in Chicago at Which Understanding With Republican Organization Is Completed.

(The democratic national committee assumes full responsibility for the following article.—E. W. Woolley, Director of Publicity, democratic national committee.)

New York, Oct. 23.—Charles Evans Hughes having publicly admitted his secret personal conference with Jeremiah A. O'Leary and his associates, the democratic national committee today disclosed details of the secret arrangement between the O'Leary organization and western headquarters of the republican national committee in the interest of the Hughes candidacy.

Today's statement is held based upon the official records of the O'Leary organization. It follows the publication yesterday of excerpts from the official minutes, revealing for the first time, the fact of the personal conference between Candidate Hughes and the O'Leary committee and setting forth the demand made upon Mr. Hughes and the promise alleged to have been made by the republican national committee.

It also includes copies of invitations to a meeting of the American Independence conference to be held at the republican house, Milwaukee, on Wednesday, October 25. One form of invitation is sent to laymen and one form to clergymen. Both are signed by Will B. Macdonald, who was a member with Jeremiah A. O'Leary of the special committee that waited on Candidate Hughes.

What Statement Shows. This, the second installment, sets forth verbatim quotations from the official records of O'Leary's "American Independence Conference" and Mr. Hughes' speeches, bearing upon the following subjects:

1.—The working agreement between the O'Leary organization and the republican national committee perfected at the secret conference held in Chicago on September 30, between Mr. Hughes' campaign managers and Daniel F. Coblan of this city, acting as the spokesman of the O'Leary organization.

2.—The fulfillment by Candidate Hughes of the promise alleged in O'Leary's report to have been made to the special committee of the "American Independence conference."

3.—The reward of Mr. Hughes and his campaign managers.

4.—The concealment by them of their dealings with the O'Leary organization.

5.—The fulfillment by Candidate Hughes of the promise alleged in O'Leary's report to have been made to the special committee of the "American Independence conference."

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8.—The fulfillment by Candidate Hughes of the promise alleged in O'Leary's report to have been made to the special committee of the "American Independence conference."

9.—The reward of Mr. Hughes and his campaign managers.

10.—The concealment by them of their dealings with the O'Leary organization.

KILLS SHERIFF IN RESISTING ARREST WARRANT

Frank Taff, a Squatter Also Wounds a Deputy and Four Policemen Before He Himself Is Shot.

Whitestone, N. Y., Oct. 23.—Paul Stier, sheriff of Queens county, was shot and killed and four policemen and a deputy sheriff were wounded today by Frank Taff, a squatter, near here, before Taff eventually was killed by Police Sergeant James Fitzgerald, after a siege of an hour and a half in which policemen, deputy sheriffs and bluejackets from the United States torpedo boat Henty tried to capture Taff.

Sheriff Stier and two aides went to Taff's shack, located in a strip of woods, to arrest him on a murder for indictment of court. Taff picked up a shotgun and fired at them. The sheriff dropped to the floor, mortally wounded. Taff ran to the roof, armed with a rifle.

Police reinforcements soon arrived and the shack was surrounded. After five men had been wounded by the squatter, Sergeant Fitzgerald obtained an automatic rifle from the torpedo boat, and approaching the hut, ordered Taff to surrender. Taff fired at Fitzgerald and the latter shot and killed him.

RECORD MADE BY M'DONALD GIVES SMALL COMFORT TO REPUBLICANS

Eager Anxiety to Make Governor Central Figure of Governorship Fight Turns to Desire to Change Subject.

BANK FAILURE NOT ALL LEADERS HAD EXPECTED

Chief Executive Has Given Blow for Blow Without Filing Any Libel Suits; Otero Proves Cyclone on Stump.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL. Santa Fe, Oct. 23.—) Those who have kept tabs on political events in New Mexico since pre-convention days will recall the burning desire that was exhibited by certain republican leaders last August to have their opponents nominate one William C. McDonald as a candidate to succeed himself as governor.

Chief of those who wanted McDonald nominated was the attenuated and astatu W. H. Gillenwater, who even then was looked upon as a certainty for the chairmanship of the republican state committee, and hardly second in the earnestness of the desire for the governor for renomination was Holm O. Barsum, whose candidacy for the republican nomination for governor was an assured fact long before the convention which named him met.

It will be remembered that "Cap" Gillenwater was the patron saint, not to say the fairy godfather and the friend, philosopher and guide of both Barsum and Hubbell in their efforts to secure the nominations which each desired at the hands of his party. It was a comparatively simple matter for "Cap" to put the two across, and when he saw, or thought he saw, that they were out of the woods so far as the nominations were concerned he decided to do a complete job and assist the opposition candidates.

He decided to select the opposition candidate for Barsum, for A. Jones was the only man in sight for the democratic nomination for the senate and there was no way "Cap" could mix up in that race inside the democratic party.

McDonald Looked Good. There were certain reasons apparent only to the inscrutable mind of "Cap" Gillenwater, why McDonald looked to be an easy man for Barsum to beat, and the remarkable spectacle was soon presented of a well defined movement inside the democratic party for the renomination of a democratic governor, actively sponsored, aided and abetted by the admitted leader of the republican party in the state. To Gillenwater and Barsum it was McDonald or bust. They simply must have McDonald and wouldn't be happy unless they did have him.

At that time came near gaining their wish. When the democratic convention met in Santa Fe, McDonald was easily the dominant figure of the gathering. Party leaders wore their shoes thin walking back and forth to the executive offices beseeching the governor to allow the use of his name for the nomination, and every time that McDonald showed his face on the floor of the convention there was an outburst of cheering that showed beyond question his popularity with the rank and file of the party. If McDonald had once intimated that he would accept the nomination it would have been his without the asking.

Too Much McDonald. What happened at the democratic convention is a matter of too recent history to require recital here. McDonald would not allow himself to be nominated for governor, but in response to pressure brought to bear upon him by party leaders he consented to accept the nomination for lieutenant governor. Immediately there was wild rejoicing in the republican camp. Leaders of the grand old party of Lincoln and Grant and McKinley considered that they wanted, with McDonald on the ticket for lieutenant-governor, the ticket for lieutenant-governor they wanted, they could make all the fight on his record that they had originally intended and at the same time say to the voters of the state that de Haes was being used merely as a stalking-horse for McDonald.

And so they got McDonald. In fact at the present writing it seems that they have gotten an overdose of him. For as matters stand today the fight made on the governor has failed utterly and completely. Republican attacks have been centered on him only to fail flat. The attempt to make McDonald the sole issue of the campaign and to obscure everything else involved in the contest for offices in New Mexico is now admitted to be perhaps the greatest of the many blunders that have characterized the management of the republican campaign.

Las Cruces Bank Failure. The fact that the First State bank

San Felice Standard to Be Maintained, Say Makers

All Dealers Now Sell Famous Cigar at 50 Straight, in Effect Today. Owing to the greatly increased cost of quality tobacco, in fact everything pertaining to high grade cigars, the makers of the San Felice cigar, The Deinet-Wermmer Company, have advanced the selling price to the jobbers and dealers, and henceforth this cigar will positively be sold to the consumer at 5 cents straight instead of six for a quarter as previously.

The SAN FELICE is national in its scope and character, having justly attained this eminence through its unexcelled excellence. To maintain this unequalled standard of quality, the advance in question is absolutely unavoidable. The generous support of all men using quality cigars is earnestly desired.

Knocks Obstinate Coughs in a Hurry

A Simple Home-Made Remedy That Gets at the Cause.

Thousands of people normally healthy in every other respect, are annoyed with a persistent hacking or bronchial cough year after year, disturbing their sleep and making life disagreeable. It's so needless—there's an old home-made remedy that will end such a cough easily and quickly.

Get from any druggist "25 ounces of Pinex" (50 cents worth), pour it into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Begin taking it at once. Gradually but surely you will notice the phlegm thin out and then disappear altogether, thus ending a cough that you never thought would end. It also promptly loosens a dry or tight cough, stops the troublesome throat tickle, soothes the irritated membranes that line the throat and bronchial tubes, and relief comes almost immediately.

A day's use will usually break up an ordinary throat or chest cold, and for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma there is nothing better. It tastes pleasant and keeps perfectly.

Pinex is a most valuable concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, combined with gaulthar and is used by millions of people every year for throat and chest colds with splendid results.

To avoid disappointment, ask your druggist for "25 ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

OUCH! LAME BACK, RUB LUMBAGO OR BACKACHE AWAY

Rub Pain Right Out With Small Trial Bottle of Old, Penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil."

Kidneys cause Backache? Not! They have no nerves, therefore can not cause pain. Listen! Your backache is caused by lumbago, sciatica or a strain, and the quickest relief is soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil."

Rub it right on your painful back, and instantly the soreness, stiffness and lameness disappears. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Oil" from your druggist and rub it up. A moment after it is applied you'll wonder what became of the backache or lumbago pain.

Rub old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" whenever you have sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism or sprains, as it is absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

Such an easy way to heal my skin!

"I never worry if I have a little rash or other eruption break out—I just put on a bit of Resinol"

Resinol

Outment. That takes out the itching and burning instantly, and soon clears the trouble away. I learned of Resinol Ointment through our doctor prescribing it for my brother. Tom had been almost frantic with eczema for months but that ointment healed his skin like magic.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Cream are sold by all druggists. For a free sample of each, write to Dept. 26 S. Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Old McBrayer Whiskey Bottled in Bond. An Old Fashioned Kentucky Whiskey Mellowed by Age Delicious and Nutritious. THE WHISKEY FOR YOUR HOME

STERN-SCHLOSS & CO. General Distributors Albuquerque, N. M.

of Las Cruces failed during the McDonald administration and that the governor had failed to close the doors of the institution before it closed its own doors, was believed to be a crushing argument against the election of any more democrats to office. The Las Cruces bank failure was placed up as no other bank failure that ever took place in New Mexico had been placed up. From the manner in which it was treated by republican spokesmen and press agents, the casual observer might have gained the impression that never before had any bank failed in the state, and that this particular bank failure was the most diabolical piece of crookedness that ever left a stain on the fair financial fame of the state.

To the surprise of his political enemies, however, Governor McDonald did not assume the role of the timid, shrinking culprit seeking to conceal the infamy of a great crime. On the contrary he hit back. He filed no libel suits when his personal integrity was impugned in connection with the failure, but courted the widest publicity regarding his own connection with the affair. And the wider the publicity that was given the failure of the First State bank the more apparent it became to the average intelligent voter that the governor had done nothing to his discredit and had omitted nothing that would have made matters any better; that had he taken precipitate action he would have imperiled other financial interests and made a bad matter worse; and that, viewed from any angle, the failure of the First State bank furnished no argument whatever which Bureau should be elected governor or Hubbell senator.

Furthermore, the attack on Governor McDonald had the effect of bringing into sharp relief the real achievements of his administration. It resulted in emphasizing the fact that since he has been governor there has been more real progress than at any time in a generation in New Mexico, that economy and honesty have prevailed in every department of the state government and that in every way the citizens of New Mexico have been better off than they were before.

Otero a Whirlwind. The fact that besides the present governor a former governor of New Mexico is on the democratic ticket for a minor state office has been frequently commented upon. The former governor referred to is Miguel A. Otero, who is a candidate for auditor to succeed W. C. Sargent. Mr. Otero, however, is just at present gaining fame not so much on account of his candidacy for auditor as for the ability he is showing as a rough-and-tumble campaigner for the entire democratic state ticket.

Mr. Otero does not believe in mincing words. He is speaking right out in meeting and saying what he thinks. He is engaged in no wrist-slapping contest. He has a bludgeon and an axe and a set of brass knucks and he is using them all to good effect. He is a veritable coner dog in a strap, and fights just as well under water as any other.

The former governor has not once mentioned his own candidacy in his speeches, nor has he referred to his opponent by name. He is telling about the things that he opposed while he was governor of New Mexico—about the Hawkins bill and other famous pieces of legislation and about the alleged records of certain gentlemen running on the republican ticket this year. As a result, he is getting good crowds everywhere he speaks and is furnishing more real fun than any other stump speaker for either side.

HYPHEN'S TERMS CARRIED OUT BY HUGHES; CHARGES AMPLIFIED

(Continued From Page One.)

Mr. Hughes' candidacy is the striking and emphatic telegram of President Wilson to O'Leary at the very time when these negotiations were under way. O'Leary's message to the president and the latter's reply were made public on September 29, appearing throughout the country in the morning newspapers of September 30, the date of the Chicago gathering of the O'Leary contingent and of the conference with the republican leaders.

In fact, the minutes of the "American Independence conference" show that while individuals and newspapers, many of them republican, throughout the country were applauding President Wilson for his patriotic and courageous stand, O'Leary was being secretly glorified by his adherents at the Chicago meeting. An entry shows:

"Committeeman O'Leary explained his correspondence with President Wilson and read to the committee the message he was sending to the president in reply to the president's message to him."

What Minutes Show. The working agreement with the republican national committee.

The official minutes of the secret Chicago meeting on September 29, show that immediately after O'Leary had submitted his report and the Hughes personal interview as set forth in yesterday's statement of the democratic national committee, Daniel F. Cahalan, supreme chief justice of New York, who attended both the Detroit and Chicago meetings, addressed the Chicago gathering at length, urging the wisdom and advantage of a further understanding with the republican national committee.

The entry upon this point, though brief, sheds an illuminating light upon the political games of Mr. Cahalan even though it does record him as the associate of O'Leary in a recent scheme to encompass the election of Mr. Hughes.

Then Chairman Schmidt introduced Justice Cahalan and he outlined a new mission the object of which was to get in touch with the republican national committee.

Committeeman Mooney, following the address of Justice Cahalan, made a speech in which he urged that definite action be taken at this meeting (September 29). After some discussion it was agreed to withhold definite action until the delegation that was to wait on republican leaders could make them a report.

Close Telephone Connection. The fact should be borne in mind in connection with the above entries

that western headquarters of the republican national committee is in Chicago, where the O'Leary gathering met and that western headquarters of the republican national committee is also in constant direct telephone communication with New York headquarters.

It further appears from the minutes that Justice Cahalan's suggestion was favorably acted upon by the conference in Chicago on the afternoon of September 29, between the adjournment of the afternoon session and the opening of the evening session of the O'Leary committee.

The official minutes state that Justice Cahalan reported the evening session the result of his interview with the republican leaders.

It is as follows: "The evening session of the committee was called to order at 8:30. Justice Cahalan reported on the gathering the result of his interview with the republican leaders."

Satisfactory Agreement. Evidence that a satisfactory agreement between the O'Leary adherents and the republican leaders was effected at this interview is furnished by the following significant entries in the minutes:

"On motion of Mr. Fitzer, a vote of thanks was extended to Justice Cahalan."

"Committeeman Mooney then made a motion that the delegates return to their homes and at once begin the work of organizing their districts."

In this connection it is to be noted that a few days after Victor Hilder returned to New York from this Chicago conference he gave out at republican national headquarters a long statement in support of Hughes' candidacy. The issuing of the statement, according to newspaper accounts, followed a personal conference between Mr. Bernard H. Hilder, brother of Victor Hilder, and the republican national chairman, Wilcox.

The Fulfillment by Hughes. The democratic national committee made public yesterday the details of the demand which, according to the records of the O'Leary organization, was read to Candidate Hughes. At the meeting in Chicago on September 30, at which O'Leary made the report of the committee's personal conference with Hughes, the character of Mr. Hughes' campaign speeches after his interview with the O'Leary committee was discussed. An evidence of at least partial compliance by Candidate Hughes with the demands of the organization, O'Leary's special committee reported to the full committee that Mr. Hughes at Springfield on September 19 had vigorously denounced President Wilson as presenting the humiliating spectacle of surrendering to force in connection with the adoption by congress of the Adamson eight-hour bill, and had made what O'Leary and his associates regarded as a fairly strong declaration for maintaining "the rights of American people on the land and sea," involving a veiled threat against the British blockade and embargo.

Utterance Not Enough. The Springfield utterance, however, was by no means entirely satisfactory. It was only after the conference between Cahalan and the republican leaders at Chicago that the demands and expectations of the O'Leary organization were satisfied. In his Philadelphia speech, on October 9, Mr. Hughes without mentioning Great Britain directly, attacked the British blockade and embargo. His declaration on that occasion received the enthusiastic approval of O'Leary and his associates. The extract from Hughes' Philadelphia speech when they regard as a full compliance with the spirit of the conference between Candidate Hughes and themselves in New York as follows:

"We do not propose to tolerate any improper interference with American property, with American mails or with legitimate commercial intercourse. No American who exercises only American rights shall be put on any blacklist by any foreign nation."

It was publicly pointed out at the time that the language used by Candidate Hughes was evidently aimed to attract the attention and satisfy the demands of certain German-Americans. The New Republic, in a leading editorial at the time Mr. Hughes delivered his Philadelphia speech, pointed out that our international relations were gravely strained. This publication reproduced the extract from the Philadelphia speech quoted above and made this pointed comment:

"These are the most serious words uttered by Mr. Hughes since he went on the stump. Mr. Hughes' words, as read by the German, must seem to him that the United States by this, its own force, will break the blockade which the German submarines are vainly trying to break. Does Mr. Hughes mean this? It is altogether the greatest issue with which our diplomacy is confronted and a plain statement from Mr. Hughes explaining what form of compulsion he proposes to use on the allies is urgently required. Unless he is willing to make such statement his words must be taken as follows:

"The New York Tribune made a stenographic report of the speech of Mr. Baker at Jersey City on October 16. This speech by an American secretary of war representing the American president had at least the merit of presenting a wholly novel view of the founders of this republic. The speech runs in part:

"Some people say they can not understand the president's Mexican policy and I want to tell you why. They have forgotten our history and the Declaration of Independence and the president has not forgotten either. Why are we impatient with Mexico? We say they do not respect the lives and property of our people. Perhaps they don't. We say they do not pay their honest debts. They don't. We say they are a rascally lot. We say their money is not any good. That's true. It's not worth 2 or 3 cents on the dollar. We say they do not respect church property. That also is true. The amazing thing is that people never respect those things in a revolution."

Shriller, Says Roosevelt. "We had a revolution and from the beginning to the end of that the conditions in this country were so like Mexico that it is perfectly astounding to read, Washington's army was in eggs and they stole. They stole the silver vessels from the churches and melted them up to buy things to eat. They drove ministers of the gospel and

preachers out of the churches and out of the country. The president is in favor of letting the 14,000,000 people in Mexico, who have not had an opportunity to do so, fight out their independence the way we fought ours. Wherever you hear anybody say they can't understand the president's Mexican policy tell them to go and read the Declaration of Independence and the Golden Rule."

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"Almost a Desecration." "Of course, from the standpoint of patriotism, from the standpoint of any American citizen proud of his country and his army, it is profoundly unpatriotic, profoundly dishonorable, indeed it amounts almost to desecration to compare Washington's army, the men of Valley Forge who sacrificed everything for their country, and showed singular humanity, with the horde of bloodthirsty bandits who, now under one bandit leader, now under another, ravaged Mexico and whom the president has been backing and supporting in their murders and outrages for the last three and a half years in Mexico."

considered as a sop to his German-American supporters. For Mr. Wilson's failure to break the British blockade is the essence of the German-American case against him."

The Reward to Hughes. "The reward received by Candidate Hughes and his campaign managers is not only the unqualified support of the organization pledged to the destruction of Anglo-Saxon influence in America, but the open vilification of President Wilson as typified by the notorious O'Leary telegram to the president and the campaign speeches of his followers and newspaper abuse in a portion of the German language press."

After, and as a result of the secret personal conference between Candidate Hughes and the O'Leary committee, and after and as a result of the secret negotiations between the promoters of the O'Leary organization and Mr. Hughes' campaign managers, the following agreement in behalf of Charles Evans Hughes was incorporated as the main plank of the platform of the O'Leary organization.

"We call upon the American people to use the opportunity which the present campaign offers to condemn the abject surrender of American rights to Mexico and European nations, and to support a man who openly pledged himself unflinchingly to maintain these rights against all nations."

Verbatim Quotation. The above extract is a verbatim quotation from the platform or declaration of principles of the American Independence conference which has been guardedly circulated by this clandestine organization. The extent and nature of the campaign work now being conducted in behalf of the republican presidential nominee is indicated by the following extracts from the report of the committee on plans, submitted October 2, 1916:

"This means that within the next two weeks this organization should be able to boast of a thoroughly organized national body working in complete harmony, and if this can be done our efforts are most likely to be crowned with success."

"In addition to the speakers' bureau and the work of circulating and recirculating the committee-men in the different districts, this committee points out that the active campaign committee also plans for a publicity bureau through which the people will be supplied with the proper campaign literature."

"The committee feels that all of the members here are well acquainted with the methods, the practical working methods, of the two great parties and it calls your attention to the fact that this organization, through its active campaign committee, means to employ similar working plans and means to improve upon them whenever possible."

Active Campaign Begins. The meetings in the indirect interest of Candidate Hughes has been held throughout the country, and here in New York, O'Leary has been conducting a systematic and peculiarly active campaign of public abuse of President Wilson. This has Candidate Hughes been rewarded.

Porto Rican Governor in Party. Mr. Roosevelt and his party, including W. J. Hayes, private secretary, and R. H. Post, former governor of Porto Rico, besides four newspaper men, arrived here at 7:35 o'clock. About 200 persons were at the Santa Fe station to greet him. The number included a numerous committee of republicans and a committee from the Woman's republican club. The presidential salute of twenty-one guns was fired.

The parade started at 9 o'clock. Fifty automobiles, more than 100 cowboys, a band and citizens of statewide prominence, riding in motor cars, were in line. Among the prominent republicans, who came to Albuquerque, were Charles Spiess, Las Vegas; Judge D. J. Leahy, Las Vegas; Holm O. Bursum, Socorro; Mal W. H. H. Lawry, Las Cruces; former Governor George Curry, Henson Cutting, Santa Fe; Senator Hob, H. Albert, and United States Senator A. B. Fall. Senator Fall introduced Mr. Roosevelt before his speech.

Party Goes to Denver. The Roosevelt party left at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, bound for Denver, where Mr. Roosevelt will make his next speech of importance. He was to talk at the Santa Fe station at Las Vegas last night.

Quotes Newspaper Report. "When he was appointed to the position of secretary of war the newspapers reported him as saying that he 'knew nothing about the army'; that he was a pacifist, and that even when he boy his principles had been such that he never played with tin soldiers. He certainly understands nothing of efficiency in war; and it is now apparent that he regards all wars as standing on the same level of infamy and all soldiers as equally reputable. Among his recent exploits was an elaborate comparison of Washington and his followers and soldiers in the Revolutionary war with Carranza and the other bandits who are responsible for the present wretched Sabbath in Mexico."

FOUND NEW MEXICO GOOD FIGHTERS, SAYS ROOSEVELT. East Las Vegas, N. M., Oct. 23.—Theodore Roosevelt, in a 20-minute speech here tonight, criticized President Wilson's Mexican policy and urged his hearers to vote for Charles E. Hughes and "real Americanism." The United States, he said, in order to finally restore order in Mexico "must restore our neighboring republic to its proper government, just as was done in Cuba."

Colonel Roosevelt declared that the Wilson foreign policies had placed the United States in contempt before the world.

General Pershing, he said, should have been sent after Villa "with orders to get him in spite of Carranza or any other leader who might endeavor to interfere." He added that if he were called upon to raise a division to go to Mexico he would call upon citizens of New Mexico of Mexican origin because he had found them loyal Americans and good fighters when serving with him in his "rough riders."

Mr. Roosevelt left tonight for Colorado.

ALTHOUGH THEY ACCEPT CHRIST JEWS MAY KEEP RACIAL CUSTOMS (Continued From Page One.) church is named in its constitution. "The Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America," the proposed substitution can have no ef-

fect on the church title. Earlier declarations that there probably would be no attempt in this convention to change the church name were reiterated.

The convention today took cognizance of the fifty years of service as a bishop by the Right Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle of St. Louis, presiding bishop of the church. At a joint session of the two houses the Right Rev. Davis Sessums, bishop of Louisiana, paid tribute to the work of Bishop Tuttle, especially that of his earlier days in the missionary fields of Montana, Idaho and Utah.

Duchess and Child Deported. Richmond, Va., Oct. 23.—The Virginia department of health today approved the act of its agent, who recently ordered the departure from Hot Springs, Va., of the Duchess of Chaulnes and her eight-year-old son, who came from New York in violation of the Virginia quarantine regulations against infantile paralysis. The duchess, who was Miss Theodora Shouts, of New York, had filed a protest with the Virginia health department.

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